The People's Press.

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The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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A CARD.

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District.

Fellow Citizens: Falsehood and calumny having been uttered and circulated against me *professionally*, and as a *public man*, (and even against my private character by a few *thieves*,) both on the stump by paid henchmen of power, and by circulars issued from corrupt presses, subsidized for that purpose—I deem it due to you, as well as to my own vindication, to expose briefly the mean wretches—whether Editors or party tools—who are persecuting me and barking at my heels all over this District.

In the outset, I call your attention to the remarkable fact, that none of these gross slanderers, nor my competitor in this contest, nor any other one who has ever opposed me in office, has been able to find any vote or speech of my twenty years of public life, to attack or even disapprove of. And why? Simply because I have always advocated and supported, as I believe, the true interests of my native State; have never misled or deceived the people; never broken a pledge or forfeited their confidence; but have always, with zealous perseverance, legislated and voted for principles and measures promotive of their welfare; never forgetting the labor and farming interests of the State, and that of *all* classes of her people; thus having in all my public life had due regard to the welfare of the State and happiness of the people. And having always despised the arts of the ephemeral politician, and the tricks of the demagogue, I have never been defeated, but have been returned again and again to office, by large majorities, and by those who know me best, and appreciate my services; and now having served you as I trust with some efficiency and success, (and I think to your interests in the *present* Congress) I hope it will be your pleasure to return me, by an increased majority to the *next*.

THE TOBACCO TAX.

My amendment to this part of the Internal Revenue bill was to reduce the tax on manufactured or plug tobacco from 32 to 16 cents per pound, but knowing the Senate would not agree to a reduction lower than 20 cents per pound, on consultation with friends and conference with members of Committee of Ways and Means, I agreed to twenty cents uniform tax, and so it passed both Houses, and is the law. And the newspapers of more than a half dozen States complimented me for my persistent and successful efforts on this question, so vastly important to the South and to North Carolina. This reduces the tax on tobacco about 15 millions of dollars annually—thus leaving annually in the South about 8 millions of dollars, and several hundred thousands of dollars a year in this Congressional district, that has heretofore been collected and carried away to enrich the North and fill the coffers of the Government.

Is not this effecting something—aye much, for your good, and for the benefit of our people of all classes? For, remember, the vast amount of money that by this reduction will be left amongst us annually, by making money plentier, will increase the value of your property, and enable you in a few years, to borrow at the old rate of six per cent.

LEAF TOBACCO AND PEDLERS.

I opposed, with all my might, (and so did almost every Conservative member of Congress) the unjust and unfair restrictions made against dealers in leaf tobacco, and pedlers, and *denounced* it, but the Radical members who vote against us is everything we want, said that this provision against leaf dealers and pedlers should go in the bill to prevent them running the blockade, and thus avoiding the paying of taxes, &c.

So that this wicked provision was fixed and voted in by the Republican party—the party my competitor so much loves, and whose President,—Gen. Grant—said in his message, that there must be no reduction on tobacco or liquor, thus continuing, so far as his influence went, his petty tynanny over our section and State.

Now let every honest man do me justice in this, though demagogues and newspapers continue their falsehoods.

LIQUOR.

I introduced a Bill to repeal the tax on brandy and reduce it to 50 cents, all told, on whisky. And to allow every man to distill, without the use of cisterns, pipes, or other machinery, and to prevent the destruction of Still Houses, Stills, &c., and to dispose of *maiety men*—or informers, &c., &c. A part of my Bill was incorporated, but Congress voted against repealing the tax on brandy, and put all to 70 cents per gallon with no extra tax or pay for License. I voted against this increase, and did all I could to reduce the tax. As I understand it, this does not increase the tax, but lessons it, because there were five or six taxes on liquor before over and above the first tax of 50 cents per gallon, which amounts, in all, from 78 to 85 or 86 cents per gallon, depending on the amount made. Besides difficulties and arrests grew out of understanding and paying the different taxes, and distillers were annoyed and insulted—money extorted from them unjustly, and outrageously oppressed, by the contemptible Revenue officers. Now 70 cents per gallon obtains the license, and pays all in every way, and every one can go to distilling after the 1st day of August.

The pitiful charge is being circulated by diverse enemies that I left Congress, several days before the session ended, and that taxes on these articles were put higher, *after I left*.

I did leave Congress the last week of it to try important suits, in one of which, (a Will case) I am sole counsel, but there is no truth in the charge that the taxes on these articles were raised, but on the other hand the Tax, Tariff Bills and appropriations of every sort passed the House before I left, and no change affecting injuriously the South, was made in the Senate to those bills. Besides I was *paired* with an influential Radical member from New York, Mr. Wheeler, who differed with me on every question, Tariffs, Taxes, Southern interests and all.

So much for this contemptible charge.

THE MILLER CASE.

A record of a case in Court attacking me *professionally*, and put on foot by dishonest, lying scoundrels, who have been persecuting me for years—is going the rounds, published in a circular, all over the district.

What is all of this case? This "poor soldier" was and is worth $12,000 or $15,000, was willing at the time to pay me *three times* as much as I took his note for, and I wrote that note precisely as he requested me down to the small items in it. I paid out $1,200 or $1,500 in confederate money, went round for weeks, working to get him transferred *not to a hospital* (for he was not confined with sickness, but merely delicate, but to be put on *light duty* at home. I followed up this case through the red tape circumlocution officers, and finally got the transfer, by which, instead of being sent to the front, where officers declared he ought to go, I had him put on *light duty* where he was to furnish a wagon and team of his own, and of his own surplus produce and his neighbors, to contribute daily to the commissary department, sleeping every night at home, if he so desired.

The work I did—the length of time I occupied—the funds paid out of my own pocket—was worth twice as much as I charged, and was as justly due as any fee ever paid me by a client; and this man said again and again, to divers persons, that he intended to pay, expressing his gratitude at the same time; but finding afterwards that confederate debts of that character could not be collected—he "chiseled" me out of it.

There is not a respectable lawyer in the State that will question the propriety of my action in this matter, and of more than 150 lawyers that I have practiced with during the period of the last twenty-five years, no one can be found that will insinuate or say I ever did an unprofessional act, but every one will testify to the contrary.

Fellow citizens; my defense and vindication is before you. I have stood and spoken for you, and the whole State, in Congress, time and again. I have defended the people. I have advocated the rights of the home of my birth, and the land of love.

I have stood for Constitutional Liberty against Military despotism for local self government and States Rights against consolidation and centralization, for the protection of personal liberty and the sacred right of the writ of *habeas corpus* for accountability to the people by men in office, of all expenditures, and for economy and low taxes. As such I ask your *unbought suffrage*.

Your Fellow-Citizen,
J. M. LEACH.

The Argument has been Exhausted.

The Democratic press, candidates and speakers have held up Radicalism in all its hideousnes and loathsomeness to the indignant gaze of the people of the State.

We have shown what the Radical party has done for North Carolina and the country.

We have shown how it has plundered and trampled down our Mother State.

We have shown its extravagance, its misrule, its swindlings, its usurpations, its volence, its wickedness, and its unparallelled atrocities.

We have told, day after day, and week after week, how its reign in this State has been signalized by a series of unblushing frauds and thefts, of wanton and reckless usurpations of power, of violations of every principle of Constitutional government and civil liberty, of profligacy, crime and ruin.

We have proved, by facts and figures compiled from the records, how the people of North Carolina have been deceived, imposed upon, fleeced, swindled and outraged by Radical officials.

Never in the history of political parties in any country, has there ever been seen a more disgraceful add infamous record than that presented by the Radical party in North Carolina, from 1868 to the present time.

If the people have not been awakened to a sense of their wrongs; if they do not see any danger in the continued ascendancy of the Radical party; if they do not determine to put a stop to the outrages which have been inflicted upon them; if they are willing that their State shall be four years longer in the hands of a party which has proved false to every obligation and recreant to every trust, then it will be useless to reason with them longer. But unless they are prepared to surrender their property, their interests, their liberty, their lives into the hands of unprincipled, corrupt, and heartless politicians, we would appeal to them in the strongest terms to repudiate the authors of the wrongs which have been inflicted upon North Carolina.

The argument is about exhausted.

The time for action is close at hand.

People of North Caroling, will you not rise up in your might, and drive the cormorants from power?—*Raleigh News.*

Between Boon Hill and Selma, as we came up the other day on the North Carolina Railroad, says the Hillsboro *Recorder*, the lightning had struck *eleven* telegraph posts, one after the other, 70 yards apart, and split the bark off each post.

Merrimon or Caldwell.

The Greensboro *Patriot* thus indicts "Gov." Caldwell:

"Men of North Carolina, the Radical party has put forward Tod R. Caldwell, for your suffrage for Governor. Tod Caldwell has been guilty within the short space of eighteen months of more usurpation than any man who filled the gubernatorial office, except W. W. Holden. The first thing he did when he became Governor, was to assume to all intents and purposes the veto power, not delegated to him by the constitution. He refused to carry out an act of the Legislature, and disregarded the voice of the people expressed through their representatives. He took upon himself the functions of a Judge and refused to sign the warrant to obtain money to purchase provisions for the inmates of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum and of the Lunatic Asylum. And for weeks your State, through the instrumentality of Caldwell, furnished the world the spectacle of the helpless inmates of charitable institutions suffering for bread, and supported by contributions of the citizens of Raleigh. He next refused to furnish the State printing to Mr. Ramsey, with whom the Legislature had contracted, and even Judge Moore, a Radical Judge, pronounced this a violation of the constitution. Tod Caldwell at first denounced Merrimon for drawing up a bill for Swepson, which he drew as a lawyer, and for which he received a fee just as any of you pay a lawyer for drawing a deed, and yet it turns out that Caldwell was so dissatisfied with Judge Merrimon's bill, that he, although President of the Senate and Lieut. Governer, drow up another, which now remains in his own hand write, and was the identical bill with which Swepson and Littlefield defrauded the State out of millions of dollars. Since then he has ceased to say anything of this, at first he tried openly to deceive you.

Will you, men of North Carolino, vote to give this man a lease of power for 4 more years, when he accomplished so much evil in not quite half that time? Will you prefer Caldwell to Merrimon? Merrimon who willingly invites your scrutiny into every act of his life.

Why the People should Vote for Judge Merrimon.

Because he is capable and honest.

Because he is in favor of an observance of the constitution.

Because he is, and always has been, in favor of the Homestead.

Because he is opposed to corruption and fraud.

Because he is opposed to the suspension of the sacred writ of habeas corpus.

Because he is opposed to the supremacy of the military over the civil authority.

Because he is opposed to centralization.

Because he is opposed to the oppropriation of the school fund to other than educational purpose.

Because he is opposed to high salaries and high per diems.

Because he is opposed to standing armies in time of peace.

Because he is opposed to the payment of the $19,000,000, commonly known as the THIEF DEBT.

Because he is opposed to judicial legislatiod and impertinence.

Because he is the friend of the poor man, and the laboring classes.

Because he is a Christian and a gentleman.

Because he is in favor of amending the constitution in such a manner as will relieve the people of an annual tax of $1,800,000.00.

Because he is in favor of educating all the children, white and black, in the State.

Because he will not be a partisan Governar.

Because he cannot be bribed.

Because he denounces outrage and corruption in high places.

And last of all. Because he is opposed to that miserable sneak, Tod R. Caldwell, who, by accident is Governor; which is the whole duty of man.—*Greensboro Patriot.*

A Woman Colonel.

A few weeks since, in New York, Miss Tennie C. Claflin was elected colonel of the 85th colored regiment of that city by a vote of 193 to 50. The regiment, composed of the wide-awake young colored men of New York city, numbers 600 men, 250 of whom have uniforms. Since the fact has become known that Miss Claflin has signified her intention to lead it on to victory if she was acceptable to them, great additions have been received to its ranks. The great desire among the members is to have the regiment uniformed, and one of the captains at the meeting which elected Miss Claflin said that he was willing to be led by a man or woman if either would uniform the regiment. Miss Claflin occupied a conspicuous place on the platform while her claims were presented. One opponent only spoke against her, and he, the senior captain, was hooted out of the armory. Miss Claflin made the closing speech, after which she was elected amidst considerable confusion, the lights being put out at the end, making everybody of one color truly. Miss Claflin, in the course of her remarks, said when she wrote to the 9th regiment, late Fisk's, white, offering herself as a candidate for the colonelcy of that body, she did not expect to be elected. She put herself forward because she could go to the front with the regiment, and lead them on to victory on the field of battle. She was well versed in military tactics, she said, and she would rather accept the colonelcy of a colored regiment than that of one composed of white men. [Applause] She had faith in the fighting ability of the colored race, but very little in that of the white soldiers. She could pick out more white men than blacks who would run from the field of battle. [Long and continued applause.] She was, she said, warmly refused the entrance of the hotels of this city, "because she advocated certain principles for the good of women."

Old gent to boy: "Did you ever fight in the wrong?" Boy—"Often." Gent—"Dear me, why?" Boy—"Didn't know until I got the worst of it that I had got hold of the wrong fellow!"

Another Bubble Exploded.

SPECIMEN OF RADICAL FALSEHOOD AGAINST JUDGE MERRIMON.

The Raleigh *Era*, the Radical organ in North Carolina, keeps standing in its columns, the most unfounded charges against Judge Merrimon. Among other things, that paper charges that A. S. Merrimon, Democratic candidate for Governor, while Solicitor, had indicted in the county of Yancy, some forty women, the wives of Confederate soldiers, for taking Government rations to keep them and their children from starving to death, while their husbands and fathers were in the trenches around Richmond, and he, Merrimon, would not compromise the matter until he received his fee, which was four dollars in each case."

From the letter which we publish below from Col. D. Coleman, of Buncombe, it will be seen that the above is a falsehood out of whole cloth.

The *Era* ought to hide its head in shame after thus so shamelessly slandering an innocent man.

People of North Carolina, what do you think of a party that will resort to such means to defeat our candidates?—*Raleigh News.*

July 17, 1872.

EDITOR CITIZEN:—Maj. Graham and I spoke at Burnsville day before yesterday. Speaking commenced just after our arrival. I had not time, therefore, to search the Clerk's office and Record, for evidence of the alleged indictment of the "Forty wives of Confederate soldiers" by Judge Merrimon while Solicitor. A highly respectable gentleman, however, had made such search, (as had others, as he informed me,) and handed me the minutes of the Court with the pages marked. I read the entries on the record from the speaker's stand, and examined, before the audience, a witness marked on the bill, and sent to the Grand Jury at Spring Term, 1866, and also a member of said Grand Jury.

From the records, and their evidence, it appears that the bill in question, was sent by me, when solicitor, at said spring term, 1866, against 14 persons; six or seven being women (leaving just after the speaking I forgot to bring a copy of their names,) one only being the wife of a Confederate soldier in service when the trespass was committed. The indictment was "forcible trespass." The only disposition of it that appeared by the record, or any one knew of, was at the fall term 1866, when Judge Merrimon was holding the courts of another circuit. I have no reason to suppose he knew anything whatever of the prosecution. It is a very rare chance that a Judge knows of a solicitor sending any particular bill. The record showed at fall term 1866, one of the defendants secured his costs; and perhaps, (the entry being doubtful,) that three or four others submitted, but nothing appears as to their cost, and no judgment appears. The record does not show what became of the case afterwards—I do not recollect, and found no one who could tell me.

No one seemed to have been in custody. I do not know who paid my fee, or if any one did.

The husband of one of these defendants who came to me after the speaking, corroborated the statement of the others, as to the time when the bill was sent—said it was at Spring Term, 1866, and that he did not pay any Solicitor's fee or cost, nor did any one that he knew of, for his wife.

The propriety of my action is not in question. The audience seemed entirely satisfied with it.

Respectfully,
D. COLEMAN.

A Contrast.

Taxable property of the State of North Carolina in 1860,	$292,297,602.
Taxable property of North Carolina in 1870,	130,378,622.
Taxation for State purposes in 1860,	543,643.
Taxation for State purposes in 1870,	1,160,513
Taxation for county purposes in 1860,	255,117
Taxation for county purposes in 1870,	923,624
Average cost of conducting the State government for three years, (1858, 1859 and 1860,)	137,977
Average cost for three years, (1868, 1869-'70,)	576,738
Public debt of North Carolina in 1860,	9,699,500
Public debt of North Carolina in 1871,	34,887,465.

From these figures it appears that the State debt has been increased nearly fourfold since the war, (for the war debt is excluded,) as also have been the yearly expenses of the State and the county taxes each; while, although the taxable property has decreased one half, the taxation for State purposes has doubled. These figures are more eloquent than any speech can be, and contain an epitome of the history of Radical reconstruction.

Preventive of Hog Cholera.

A correspondent of the Department of Agriculture in Dooly county, Georgia, where the hog cholera has prevailed and no remedy found, writes: "We believe that it is contageous; and the best preventive I have found is the free use of spirits of turpentine mixed with tar, and a small quantity of camphor. It can be used either externally or internally. I prefer the latter. by soaking corn in it for ten or twelve hours. I have never failed in arresting the disease.

SICK HEADACHE.—Much sick headache is caused by overloading the stomach—by indigestion. It may be relieved by drinking very freely of warm water, whether it produces vomiting or not. If the feet are cold, warm them or bathe them in water as hot as you can bear it. Soda or ashes in the water will do good. If the pain is very severe, apply a cloth wrung out of hot water to the head, back of the head, as it were. To prevent it, let plainness, simplicity and temperance preside at your table. In some cases medicine is necessary; but if the above is properly carried out, almost immediate relief is experienced.

From the Winston Sentinel.

A CARD.

TO THE CITIZENS OF FORSYTH COUNTY:

Lest there should be a false report circulated through this county concerning a difficulty that took place between Sheriff Masten and myself at Benjamin Hampton's on Saturday, the 19th inst., the day on which the County candidates spoke, I desire to call your attention to this card, that you may see the true statement of the affair as it really occurred, and judge for yourselves of the cowardly conduct of the Sheriff in this matter.

It has been the desire of the Sheriff for some time to get up a row for political effect in order to secure his re-election.—This he attempted by pre-arrangement, at Brookstown and Lewisville, but failed, but at Hampton's he succeeded, without any provocation whatever, in getting up a row, an account of which I will now give:

On the day above mentioned, I went to Benj. Hampton's to hear the discussion between the candidates. After the conclusion of the speech of Mr. Hill, the opposing candidate for Sheriff, I asked him, (Mr. Hill,) this question: "If we elect you Sheriff do you think you could prevent prisoners from escaping jail?" He replied that he thought he could, that he would not receive or give bond for the jail from the Commissioners unless it was in good condition, and if he was not there himself he would put some one there who would keep them safe, and then resumed his seat. This was all done in a cheerful and friendly spirit, when Sheriff Masten arose in a very excited manner, and said:

"Gentlemen, I can keep niggers and *honest* white men in jail, but rogues and horse thieves I cannot without a guard, for they have too many sympathizers outside, and I have no doubt some of them are here to-day, and the man who asked the question is no better than the rogues and horse thieves that broke jail."

By the advice of friends, I remained quiet under this denunciation, and disturbed no one while speaking, but after the candidates were through, and the Sheriff had dismissed the crowd, I thought, as a citizen of Forsyth county, and a freeman of North Carolina, I had a right to be heard, and the right to explain myself in regard to the question I had asked Mr. Hill. I called the attention of the crowd, and approached the speaker's stand, Sheriff Masten at the same time taking a position, with clinched fist, close to my right. I said that I did not intend to have said a word on the occasion, had I not been forced to do so by Sheriff Masten, when he spoke up and said, "you are a liar." I thrust the epithet back in his face, when he caught me and we both clinched, but our friends interposing separated us. Now look at his cowardly conduct, while four men held me powerless, he drew a pistol and cocked and presented it, and swore that he would kill the damned rascal or any other damned scoundrel who asked such a question, and made desperate struggles to put his threat into execution.

This, citizens of Forsyth county, is the language and conduct of the Sheriff of the county *a Peace Officer!* Is this the peace he has sworn to maintain? When did the Sheriff get to be so great a personage that if a citizen of the county should ask a civil question relative to his official conduct, that he must attempt to bully him out of the crowd with weapons, and threaten to shoot him down if he should presume to ask any question relative to *his* official conduct? Will the law-abiding honest and peaceable citizens of the county vote to continue a man in office who threatens to shoot any citizen who asks a question reflecting upon his official conduct?

If Sheriff Masten is not guilty of some derilection of duty in connection with these escapes from jail, why was he so sensitive when I asked Mr. Hill the above question? If he is innocent would he not have been glad of an opportunity to explain to the citizens of the county why it is that jail deliveries have been so frequent within the last eighteen months, and those of criminals who have been put in for the highest crimes known to the criminal law of the State?

The innocent are never afraid of an investigation—the guilty are.

How is it, that some seven or eight *niggers*, a class whom the Sheriff says he can keep in jail, some eighteen months ago unlocked their cell doors and walked out?

Why was it, Mr. Sheriff, that Siewers' cell had to be furnished with carpets, a mirror, a wash-stand and a trunk? Did not Judge Clould reprimand you for not chaining him to the floor after he broke into the entry?

And why, Mr. Sheriff, was it that Jones, the horse thief, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years was put in the same cell out of which Siewers escaped, when you and your friends say it was not safe, and the hole made in the outside wall unstopped; and why was it, when you was informed of the escape early on Sunday morning that you did not go to town and take some measures to catch him, but instead went to Love's Meeting House, keeping quiet all day on the matter, not even mentioning it to the friends who rode along to and from church with you? And also tell the people *what efforts* were made to catch Jones, and *when* they were made?

And tell us, Mr. Sheriff, if the jail is not turned into a public boarding-house, kept by John Wagoman? If it is so by what authority is it put to such a use?

Answer these questions, Sheriff Masten, as you go round the county asking the people to re-elect you to the office of Sheriff.

Should you, voters of Forsyth, be taxed to keep up a jail, and courts to merely go through a nugatory process of law, when the ends of Justice cannot be met? The jail in Forsyth has been regarded as one of the strongest and safest jails in the State, and prisoners, until recently, rarely, if ever broke out, and counties adjoining have sent their prisoners to this county for safe keeping. But, forsooth, our jail within the last eighteen months has become so useless and weak, that Sheriff Masten cannot even keep in jail the "*niggers and honest white men*," the only class he says he can keep.

If prisoners escape from the custody of Sheriff Masten, and we are to be shot down like dogs by him for asking about it, it is time we had a man in that office who is willing to be accountable to the people for his conduct.

B. Y. RAYL.

Brookstown, July 22nd, 1872.

Wreck of a Menagerie.

Twelve Cages of Wild Beasts Loose.

John Robinson's circus met with an almost irretrievable disaster on the New York and New Haven Railroad early Wednesday morning, a few weeks ago. The cages containing all the fine wild beasts, the tents, and all the paraphanalia had been shipped from Bridgeport, Conn., on a freight train to New Haven. A passenger car for the accommodation of the performers, drivers, and attendants, was attached to the rear of the train.

As the train was passing under a road way bridge, two miles west of the city the bridge fell. The falling timbers first struck the platform cars on which were the cages. Twelve of the latter were smashed, and six of the largest were swept off in an instant, strewing the track for several hundred feet with their broken fragments.

The caged brutes thus suddenly freed from their imprisonment broke loose in every direction. The monkeys were the first out, followed quickly by two young lions and a wild cat. A valuable tiger, three striped kangaroos, and several of the animals were crushed and instantly killed. Most of the eagles, of which there was a valuable collection, flew away, as also did several of the smaller birds. The loss to the company is estimated at $50,000.

The rear car and its inmates escaped uninjured. The spectacle at the instant of the overturning of the cages was at once ludicrous and alarming. The monkeys chattering and screaming, scampered up the sides of the broken bridge, and seemed to enjoy the fun!

The tigers, after lapping up the blood of several of their less fortunate companions, sprang accross the ditch and disappeared. The bear, crippled, limped off up the track, scaring the engineer and fireman nearly out of their wits. The conductor, chased by a hyena, saved his life by climbing a telegraph pole at a critical moment.

The wolves dined off the smaller members of the family, and then disappeared in the same direction as the tigers, and it is feared after more prey. One of the large rattlesnakes was cut in two, but his companions, a dangerous boa constrictor and two smaller snakes, were last seen shooting off in the grass.

Whipping Horses.

There are persons who think that the spirit and temper of a horse must be broken to make him valuable.—Prof. Wagner, in his work on the "Education of Horses," says:

"I would caution all who train or use horses against exciting the ill will of the animal. Many think they are doing finely, and are proud of their success in horse training, by means of severe whipping, or otherwise rousing and stimulating the passions, and then, from necessity, crushing the will through which the resistance is prompted. No mistake can be greater than this, and there is nothing that so fully exhibits the ability, judgment and skill of the real horseman as the care and tact displayed in winning, instead of repelling the action of the mind. Although it may be necessary to use the whip sometimes, it should always be applied judiciously and great care should be taken not to rouse the passions or excite the will to obstinacy.

The legitimate and proper use of the whip is calculated to operate on the sense of fear almost entirely. The affectionate and better nature of a horse must be appealed to in training, as well as in training a child; but if only the passions are excited, the effect is depraving and injurious.—This is a vital principle, and can be disregarded in the management of sensitive and courageous horses only at the imminent risk of spoiling them. I have known many horses of naturally gentle character to be spoiled by being whipped once, and one horse that was made vicious by being struck with a whip once while standing in his stall.

I have referred to these instances to show the danger of rough treatment, and the effect that may be easily produced by ill-usage, especially with fine blood horses and those of a highly nervous temperament. Many other cases might be cited, as such are by no means uncommon. Sensitive horses should never be left after they have been excited by the whip or other means until calmed down by rubbing or patting the head and neck, and giving apples, sugar or something that the animal is fond of. Remember, the whip must be used with great care, or it is liable to do mischief, and may cause irreparable injury."

Everybody has Influence.

No person is without influence. Some persons fall discouraged on the highway of life because they can not be this or that great eminent person. Why not be willing to be themselves? No person who ever lived, or ever will live, is without influence. Why not make the most of it? Since you can not grasp that which you wish, why let that what you have slip through your fingers? No person in the world is exactly like you. You have your own faults, but you have your own excellencies, individual to yourself. Give them air. Because you are not a poet, why then, should you not be a good merchant? Because you can not go to college, should you therefore forswear the alphabet? Because you can not build a palace, should you not rejoice in your own humble room, and that because it is your own? Will not the sun shine into your window if you do not persist in shutting it out? If you can not have a whole hot house full of flowers, may you not have one sweet rose?

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1872.

NATIONAL REFORM TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

Electors for President and Vice-President.

For the State at Large,
T. J. JARVIS and Z. B. VANCE.

First District.—Octavius Coke, of Chowan.
Second District.—Swift Galloway, of Greene.
Third District.—T. C. Fuller of Cumberland.
Fourth District.—H. A. London, Jr., of Chatham.
Fifth District.—D. F. Caldwell, of Guilford.
Sixth District.—W. L. Steele, of Richmond.
Seventh District.—F. B. McDowell, of Iredell.
Eighth District.—Thomas D. Johnston, of Buncombe.

STATE
Conservative-Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
AUGUSTUS S. MERRIMON,
of Wake.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
JOHN HUGHES,
Of Craven.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE
JOHN A. WOMACK,
Of Chatham.

FOR AUDITOR
COLLETT LEVENTHORPE,
Of Caldwell.

FOR TREASURER
JOHN W. GRAHAM,
Of Orange.

SUP'T OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
NEREUS MENDENHALL,
Of Guilford.

FOR SUP'T OF PUBLIC WORKS
JOSEPH H. SEPARK,
Of Wake.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL
WILLIAM M. SHIPP,
Of Mecklenburg.

FOR CONGRESS, 7TH DISTRICT
WM. M. ROBBINS,
of Rowan.

FOR CONGRESS, 5TH DISTRICT
HON. JAS. M. LEACH,
of Davidson.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR SENATOR, 32nd DIST., STOKES and FORSYTH.
JOHN. M. STAFFORD.
FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
CYRUS B. WATSON.

For Sheriff.—JOHN G. HILL.
Treasurer.—JOHN MASTEN.
Register.—CHARLES TEAGUE.
Surveyor.—HAMILTON MORRIS.
Coroner,—AUGUSTUS FOGLE.
Commissioners.—DAVID SMITH, ANDERSON NICHOLSON, SAMUEL B. STAUBER. PHILIP KERNER, HENRY MARSHALL.

GOOD NEWS.

A correspondent in the Raleigh *News*, who has an extensive correspondence all over the State, and is a gentleman of prudence and discretion, claims the Legislature by a two-thirds majority and a handsome majority for our whole State ticket.

Let our friends be of good cheer. The day of our deliverence is at hand if we only do our duty. "He who would be free must himself strike the blow!"

Courage, friends! Be firm, be active, be vigilant!

Remember, the above opinion is based upon the hope that every *Conservative* will go to the poll and vote his sentiments.

☞ Judge Merrimon was born of poor parents, who were unable to send him to school, but by industry and perseverance he learned to read while working in the field and tending a saw mill.

Tod R. Caldwell's parents were wealthy, and he had all the advantages that money and colleges could give him.

Merrimon is from the working people, and Caldwell from the bond holders. Elect Merrimon and thus encourage the boys of poor men to aspire and fit themselves to fill high positions in our country.

FACTS.

A vote for the Radical party is a vote for crime, cruelty, dishonesty, lawlessness and military despotism.

The Radical Convention that nominated Caldwell endorsed all that was done under Governor Holden's Administration.

The Democratic Legislature inone year saved over four hundred thousand dollars in the annual expenses of the Government.

Mr. Leach did offer an amendment to that Bill to reduce the tax on tobacco from 32 to 16 cents per pound, but could not get it lower than 20 cents.

The U. S. Revenue Bill was introduced by the Radical Chairman of the Committee on Finance.

To the People of North Carolina.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—We address you as Democrats and Conservatives—as Liberal Republicans, as honest men of whatever party, friends of republican liberty and of good government:

The great political contest in this State is about to close. It has been ardently and zealously fought on both sides.

On the one side you see all the power and official influence of the State and Federal governments through their vast horde of office-holders of every kind and degree brought into active and unscrupulous use to sustain themselves in control of the money and the immense patronage of the government, not for the benefit of the people, who pay the taxes, but for themselves and the worst partizan purposes.

In this State, we have witnessed even the unpatriotic and indecent exhibition of Cabinet ministers on the hustings, for the avowed purpose of affecting the result of our election in August as well as that throughout the Union in November, in their own favor, thus directly bringing "the patronage of the Government in conflict with the freedom of elections."

On the other side are rallied the friends of freedom, of honest, faithful intelligent administration of public affairs, of economy and official integrity, of education for all the people, of sound public credit, of law and order, of local self-government, of real civil service reform, of universal amnesty and amity, and of all the safeguards of civil liberty, for all alike, of whatever race or color.

In this great struggle, we are battling for these high and essential principles of free government against dishonesty in the public service, against ignorance and notorious official incapacity, against reckless disregard of the laws and Constitutions of the land, against centralization of all the powers of the Government, and the absorption of all the reserved rights of the States of the Union, and of the people through a threatened civil and military despotism at Washington. These are the imminent dangers which surround us.

In such a contest, we will not doubt the decision of the people of this State on the 1st of August. This decision will not only affect in its results, the political situation in this State for years to come, but indirectly and morally, that of the whole Union. The vote of August here will influence, in a greater or less degree, that of the Union in November.

We, therefore, urge every true-hearted North Carolinian to do his whole duty in this battle for freedom—for real peace and good will between all the sections and especially for the prosperity and happiness of our own people.

We are in a position to assure you, from full and undoubted information, that if this is done, a glorious victory awaits our cause on Thursday next.

The news from every quarter of the State is full of cheer and encouragement for our friends. Let every one of us then, do his whole duty. Be active and earnest. Be calm but vigilant. Let there be no disorder, no violence, but let every one see, each for the other, that his rights are maintained at the ballot box.

Let every citizen, entitled to vote, be free and unmolested in the independent exercise of this high privilege. See that no illegal votes are given, and that every violation of the law is punished by due process of law. Look out for attempts at intimidation and gross frauds on the part of our adversaries. Challenge every illegal or doubtful vote. Examine closely the registration books. See that you have the right ticket and put it in the right place.—See that all our friends vote in their respective townships. Work from now till and on the day of election. Stand firm, shoulder to shoulder, in defence of your rights: and the sun will go down on a glorious triumph for our cause—for free principles and good government, when it sets on the 1st of August. Let every friend of our noble cause and of our good old State do his whole duty in this great contest for the liberty of the people and all will be right.

D. M. BARRINGER,
Ch'm. Dem. Con. State Ex. Com,
W. S. MASON,
Ch'm Lib. Rep. State Ex. Com.
Raleigh, July 29th, 1872.

TAX PAYERS OF FORSYTH,—Remember! that the County taxes this year amount to nearly $16,000, *excluding Railroad and Township taxes* Notwithstanding all this the County debt increases every year, and the office holders do not tell the people how much the county owes today. A new Board of Commissioners will make a reckoning and a fair statement; yet they ask the Tax-payers of Forsyth to re-elect them. Therefore

VOTE THEM OUT OF OFFICE,

and elect a new set of County officials.

Congress gave the State of North Carolina as her share of certain lands, a large land script which was sold for $125,000.

This was to be used in establishing an Agricultural College for our poor boys.

It was invested in Special Tax Bonds, after the issue of these Bonds had been declared unconstitutional, and therefore *void*. So we have no Agricultural College, because this sum of money was wasted in the purchase of unconstitutional and worthless bonds.

See that every body has registered, and be sure of it.

Rally! Rally!! Rally!!!

In this campaign we have done what we could, in our humble way, in advocacy of what we considered true principles. We have gradually picked our way to the front, and now stand up for victory, firmly facing our opponents. From the mountains to the sea the people of our good old State are marching, shoulder to shoulder, and keeping step to the old time music. In this district especially the masses are awake. They are rallying to the standard of Wm. M. ROBBINS, with an enthusiasm seldom equalled in a political campaign. This man seems to be a talisman that touches every heart and binds men together. He has turned all the calumnies of his enemies against themselves, and made votes for himself out of the very material which was trumped up to ruin him. Swell the column that is gathering around Major Robbins, men of the 7th District. He is fighting your battle. He is leading a crusade against fraud, corruption, oppression and taxation. He is defending the great principles of civil liberty that have come down to us from our rugged ancestors. Rally to his support. Leave the work undone for one day and do your duty to your country, and all will be well.

C. B. WATSON, the candidate for the House of Representatives in this county, is from among the people. He grew up on a farm, and learned to guide the plow and wield the axe and the hoe. He knows the rights of the people, and, judging from his course during the campaign, he dares maintain them. The people of Forsyth have now an opportunity to support a young man who built himself up by his own exertions, and who will make a *working* Representative of the citizens of his county. Farmers of Forsyth! do not fail to vote for one who has grown up among you, and who is destined to make his mark in the counsels of our good old State.

Rally to the support of C. B. Watson.

Fraudulent Votes--Look out for Them.

We believe, from what we have been enabled to ascertain, from various sources, that unscrupulous efforts will be made to carry the election, should it become necessary, as a last resort, by the Radicals. Watch all the election precincts closely, particularly those in remote and obscure places—the Conservatives should be wide awake and vigilant everywhere.

☞ There is a heavy penalty for fraudulent voting, and Conservatives have the right to challenge any one on the day of election. Fraud should be arrested on the spot. The Raleigh *News* says:

"The Radicals expect to carry this election by importing negroes from Virginia, South Carolina and Tennessee."

If any township should fail to appoint a committee of challengers, let every Conservative constitute himself a challenger, and by this means much fraud and rascality may be stopped.

Be at the polls early, remain there until they are closed, and watch every movement of the Radicals.

Thursday is the time, and the ballot-box the place to stop any further swindling of the State.

To the Polls.

☞ White men of North Carolina!—how do you like South Carolina and Virginia negroes to elect the Governor of this State. There can be but one response. Then to the polls, every man who is a *true* North Carolinian, and vote the *Conservative* ticket, otherwise you will be assisting the Virginia and South Carolina negroes to impose a Governor upon us, who is not the choice of a majority of the voters of this State. Read the following:

Under the head of "Importing Voters," the Salisbury *Watchman* says: It is said on good authority that the Rads are now engaged in bringing negroes from South Carolina and Virginia into this State for the purpose of carrying the election. The *Patriot* says over three hundred have been brought into Guilford county alone from various parts of the country. We understand that there are about sixty strange negro votes registered in this Township. They have been brought here to vote and they will do it, unless our people are constantly on the look out.

From other sources the same reports reach us, which leaves no doubt of the truth that the *Rads* rely upon fraud and corruption to carry the election in this State. But if all the Conservatives turn out and vote *next Thursday*, we can thwart the corruptionists in their evil designs.

REMEMBER that since the adoption of the new system of County government in 1868 we have paid for county and township purposes, not less than **$10,000 a year,** and this year it amounts to **$16,000.** And, notwithstanding all this heavy taxation a heavy debt has been accumulating, the amount of which we believe the people do not know, exactly. We can tell them that over $40,000 have been paid for taxes since 1868.

How do the people like this?

Don't you want more light upon the subject?

☞ The Conservative who fails to vote on Thursday next, through indifference, or for any other reason, helps those who endorse the extravagance and corruption of the Radical party, as much as he who votes the Radical ticket. He may not mean it, but that will be the result of his folly. Such men will deserve no commiseration at the hands of their Conservative brothers, should the Radical ticket be elected.

Who endorsed the State Radical Administration of 1869-70, and expressed admiration and gratitude for W. W. Holden for his past course? The Radical Convention which nominated Tod R. Caldwell.

TO THE RESCUE.

We make a final and earnest appeal to our friends in every township, to come out and vote at this election, and thus help save the State. If our friends will just give one day to the public interests, all the tricks of the office holders will come to naught. This county can be carried by a handsome majority, if the Conservatives will only go to the polls, and the knowledge of this fact is causing the office holders to tremble in their shoes.

Let every friend of Reform first vote himself, and and then see that his neighbor votes right. There is not a single man who cannot do something for the cause, if he will only try. The Conservative who refrains from voting is, unconsciously perhaps, but effectually, aiding the office-holders in fastening their chains more frmly upon the people.

Let no man think to himself: "Oh my vote won't count much. There will be plenty without me." Such thoughts are but the heralds of disaster. Every vote counts. Our full strength should be brought out. Remember, North Carolina fires the first gun in the State elections, and the result is of great importance. We must roll up majorities that will send a thrill of admiration and a shout of *well done* throughout the State, and the whole country. Let every Conservative come out and help us to roll up rousing majorities.—Once more, friends, one and all, to the rescue.

Beware of Spurious Tickets!

We would advise our friends in this and surrounding counties to look well to their tickets before they vote, and be sure that the names of the REGULAR CANDIDATES are thereon, and no others. This seemingly being the age of *rascality, fraud and corruption*, we would not be surprised if attempts would be made to impose *spurious* Conservative tickets upon the unsuspecting honest people.

The regular ticket appears under our editorial head, with the name of John G Hill for Sheriff.

THE DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REPUBLICAN ADDRESS.—We direct special attention to the practical and excellent address in to-day's paper that has been prepared by Hon. D. M. Barringer, and sent out under the auspices of the Democratic Conservative and Liberal Republican State Executive Committees. It will do good. Read it, circulate it, and act upon its wise suggestions.

GEN. LEACH.—At Germanton on last Saturday, Senator Tipton, of Nebraska, said that Gen. Leach deserved the support of the people of his district, without regard to party, for the untiring energy, zeal and perseverance with which he worked for the reduction of the revenue on tobacco. He said that there was no one in Congress who worked harder or more persistently for his constituents than did Gen. Leach.

Some of Gen. Leach's opponents endeavor to deprive him of the credit of having the tax reduced, but this is evidence from a Republican Senator in Congress.

A heavy penalty attaches to any person who shall, with intent to commit a fraud, register at more than one box, or who shall induce another so to do. Let your name appear on the books of the precinct in which you reside on the day of election and on no other. If you have changed residence, have your name erased from the book of ward or precinct in which you registered at last election.

HOW IS THIS?—The people wish to know how it is that with the high taxes Forsyth is troubled with, the county debt increases every year? The people would like to know where the money goes? Perhaps a new set of officers could tell in the course of a short time!

☞ Remember that the present County tax amounts to about $16,000, while previous to the war $4,000 covered the expenses, and that was thought to be rather high at that time. What becomes of the money. Can the County officials tell.—They can, but they don't do it.

☞ REMEMBER that we owe to the Radical party the system of intricate taxation by which a horde of Assessors and Collectors are let loose upon the country. In many cases the government receives no revenue as the whole amount collected does not pay the collection salary.

☞ Tax-payers, do not forget that 65 cents of the 100 valuation tax collected in this county is for county purposes and saddled upon you by the Radical Commissioners. This *does not include the Railroad tax to be collected within the next ten days.*

Who tortured Murray and Patton—hung them up by their necks until life was nearly extinguished, in order to extort confessions of occurrences of which they knew nothing? Kirk and his brigands.

The Radical party is responsible for the mismanagement of our finances and for the ruin of the State's credit.

The Radicals stole or wasted $24,000,000 in Railroad Bonds and other purposes.

Remember every man has the right to vote as he pleases. He who debars or seeks to debar a lawful voter from his right of suffrage is liable to the penalties of the law.

Let every man stand fast and firm by the opinions he entertains, and be driven or intimidated by no man or set of men.

Who made appropriations of State bonds at one session of the Legislature to the amount of twenty-four millions of dollars for Railroads which were never built and never intended to be? The Radical Legislature of 1868-9.

ELECTORS FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.—At a recent meeting of the Democratic-Conservative State Executive Committee, Gov. Vance and Hon. T. J. Jarvis were elected Electors for the State at large. Many other prominent gentlemen were voted for.

Remember!

Bear in mind the wholesale robbery of the people by the Radical Legislature. The Rads have crippled the State and the people. If they succeed in electing a majority to the Legislature again, the people will be ruined entirely.

Remember the corruption and extravagance of the officials, from the highest to the lowest. Let us remedy this evil, as far as we have power to do so, at the ballot box.

Bear in mind the fearful exposures that have been made by the Shipp Fraud Commission. We have published extracts from the Fraud Commission Report in the *Press*, which our readers will remember.

Remember the $16,000,000 of your money that have been stolen by the carpet-baggers and scalawags—all of the Radical persuasion. Let us cast our votes so as to keep thieving *Rads* at a safe distance from the Treasury.

Bear in mind the endorsement of Holden by the Convention that nominated Caldwell, and vote down all sympathisers with Holden's administration. All the Radical candidates stand on the platform that endorsed the high-handed measures of Ex-Gov. Holden.

The party of Reform, Retrenchment, and Reconciliation is the Conservative-Democratic party, pledged to do all in their power to rescue the people from the iron hand of the oppressor.

The Contest in North Carolina.

There are 214,000 voters in North Carolina. In 1870, Phillips, Radical candidate for Attorney General, only received 84,038. Judge Shipp beat him 4,995.—Only 173,063 votes were polled; 41,079 did not vote.—Of these, nearly all were Conservatives. No one believes that 5,000 Radicals failed to vote. There are some 78,000 negro voters. Judge Merrimon can beat Caldwell easily if the people will only go to the polls. He can give him all of the negro vote, which, however, he will not get, and 15,000 white votes and then beat him 21,000, if every man will vote.—In 1870 not more than 8,000 whites voted the Radical ticket—supposing 76,000 negroes to have voted. How easy then to defeat Radicalism, and forever. Only let our people for one time march up to their duty and all will be well. Radicalism will be overthrown, the State will be redeemed, honest and capable men will then administer the government, and North Carolina will prosper.

The School Fund.

In two years the Radicals received $534,000 for common school purposes and only expended $39,000.

The Conservatives appropriated to the common schools during the first year they were in power the sum of $172,000!

Subtract the $39,000 from the $534,000, and ask the Radicals what has become of the half a million!

Think of it, ye who earn your bread by the sweat of your brow!

Facts on the Radical Party.

The Radicals are always talking about making reforms, but take good care not to make them. They told the people in '68 they were going to give them an economical government. They did it with such a vengence as to make the head swim. They ran up the old State debt from $14,000,000 to $40,000,000.

The true party of Reform and Economy in North Carolina is the Conservative party. This party has kept its pledge. It promised to reduce the expenses of the State government and it has religiously fulfilled its promise.

Two years of Radical rule—1868 and 1869—cost the people to pay the men who stole and plundered while they pretended to legislate, $430,644.60.

In two years of Democratic Conservative rule—those of 1870 and 1871—the expenses of the General Assembly were $199,188.37.

Saved under the Conservatives, $231,456.23.

The Radicals spent for contingencies during their two years $134,391.48.

The Conservatives only spent $56,274,78.

Difference in contingencies in favor of Conservatives, of the beautiful little sum of $78,116.70.

Well, a little more; while we are at it, we had as well show up a few more items of rascality against these Radical rogues.

The public printing under the Radicals cost $69,185.59.

Under the Conservatives the Public Printer was only paid $34,292.01.

A clear difference of $34,893.88.

And yet the Radical liars of the stump and press charge that Turner stole $3,000. Let them clear their own skirts before they attempt to impeach honest men.

Without itemizing the expenses further, we find that the difference between the administration of the two parties is the large total sum of $493,433.30.

The conservatives have actually saved more than their administration cost.

Let the people bear these facts in mind. Remembering them, can they vote to give the Radical party power again in North Carolina.—*Battleboro Advance.*

☞ **REMEMBER** that these same leaders who endorsed Holden and Kirk in 1870, in their illegal arrests, in torturing prisoners, in trying to produce civil war, and in putting the people of the State to an expense of thousands upon thousands of dollars, endorsed these revolutionary acts, in their nominating Convention at Raleigh, and now openly declare that they were right.

☞ Read carefully the interesting and important articles on the first page.—Among a variety of other articles you will find a Card from Gen. Leach, and one explaining the affair with the Sheriff at Hampton's tax gathering.

North Carolina Certain for Greeley.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Greeley and Brown headquarters have advices from North Carolina which seem to assure a Conservative victory on August 1st.—These reports state that for the first time in twelve years the entire white vote will be polled, and be quite seven-eights for the Democratic candidates. A very considerable inroad has been made also in the opposition ranks.

Senator Sumner has not yet written his letter to the colored men on the political situation, but it will be out in time for effect in the North Carolina campaign.

The Work of a few Days.

Only a few days, but in this brief space of time wonders can be done. Drop everything and work for a few days for the salvation of the State and country.

In order to give our readers an idea of the enthusiasm which animates our friends in the Eastern portion of the State, we clip the following from the Wilmington *Star*:

"Ours is a great contest for great principles—the giant conflict between popular Right and official Wrong. * * * Wake! Warm up! Work! Work as men never worked before. Work for civil liberty in North Carolina. Work for a return of peace. Work for honest government, administered in the people's interests. Work for the overthrow of miserable corruptionists and tyrants. Work now for Merrimon, so that Merrimon's election will advance the cause of Greeley and Brown.

How and where and when shall we work? Work among the ignorant, the careless, the indifferent. Work in the dark corners. Work with the prejudiced. Work every where and with every body where there is the faintest prospect.

Never tire. We cannot afford to grow weary. We must go on. Bravely, boldly, fearlessly let us push on the gallant column. 'Tis Merrimon and victory."

"Onward—success—triumph!"

From the Battleboro Advance.

Our Duty.

Before another issue of the *Advance*, Merrimon—the man in favor of a good and honest government of our people, who will add honor and dignity to the Old North State, and make her sisters proud of her, as in days of yore—will grace the gubernatorial chair; or the notorious Caldwell will continue to *disgrace* it as he has been doing during his late unpleasant *accidency*.

Before the expiration of another week our gallant standard bearer, our true statesman will be elected; or the *selfish, incompetent* Caldwell will again be seated in power, at the head of a party whose reckless and riotous extravagance in the expenditure of the people's money, no history can find a parellel.

The enemy is making strenuous and assidnous efforts to carry this election, and retain the reins of power. Already there has been over TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS sent out by the corrupt administration at Washington, with which to control the election. Is not this 'adding insult to injury'—to steal your money and then offer it for your votes? Remember this money justly belongs to us. We paid it as taxes to our government to defray its expenses. We have a right to object to this base and ill-use of our public money, and we can stop this high-handed robbery, if we will but turn out; but if we do not, when we know it is within our power, we deserve the execration of our families and the severest contempt of all patriots.

It is all-important that we should be successful in this contest. Have we not already been taxed enough? Are we not now unable to pay the interest on the State debt, in consequence of a loss of millions by the dishonesty of the Radical party? Should we allow another such a corrupt and extravagant administration to waste our resources and shatter our credit as the one, as we sincerely hope, is now breathing its last breath under the heavy load of its own corruption? We cannot depict the state of things that will follow the placing of this party in power again. Let us be up and doing—this is no time for idle talk, but, 'to arms' let the watch-word be. The enemy is menacing us at our very doors, and we can and *must* drive them off. We are too poor to allow this concerted band of abominable cut throats and thieves to handle our public offices, to their own base and selfish purposes.

We know there is enough life in the old land yet' to save our own glorious old State; and let us, hand to hand, shoulder to shoulder, make one more gigantic effort to redeem and save her honor, her credit, her dignity, *her all*, and proudly place her among her sisters. Other States are looking on with deep and anxious solicitude, and they expect much of us, because of the moral influence it will have with those who will soon follow.

Let the shout be raised from every district and let it vibrate from the mountain to the seashore, from the seashore to the mountains. *Victory, Triumph!* TRIUMPH, VICTORY!! VICTORIOUS TRIUMPH FOR MERRIMON AND THE CAUSE OF RIGHT!!!

The Education Fund.

Remember that the Radical leaders converted the Educational Fund, consisting of railroad stocks to the amount of $420,000 into cash, getting $158,000 for the stock. They next, in order to prop up the falling fortunes of the Radical leaders who had conspired together to defraud the State, invested $158,000 of this money in those abominable special tax bonds which Chief Justice Pearson decided were *unconstitutional and void*. Judge Pearson delivered his opinion in July, 1869; in November, 1869, they bought these unconstitutional bonds. Their object was to help the swindlers of the State. These bonds were on the New York market and had gone down to 30 cents on the dollar. The swindling ring was about to lose very largely by the depreciation of the bonds. The Radical leaders, to "bull" the market, make the bonds go up, and put money in the pockets of the conspirators, invested the sacred Educational Fund in those Bonds. *They are a dead loss.* The Railroad bonds which they sold are now paying 6 per cent. This would have given to the Educational Fund an increase of $25,000 which the Radicals have lost!!

Blasting Powder.

The colored folks are deserting Grant and going for Greeley right strongly in Stokes. One of the recent converts gave evidence of the sincerity of his new profession of political faith by pitching into another darkey on the Court green for commenting on the fact of his conversion in a manner not to suit his taste. After a few passes they were separated without the serious loss of blood on either side.—*Danbury Reporter.*

Who was President of the Senate when all the swindling by Littlefield & Co., was done in this State? Tod R. Caldwell.

☞ *Remember, you must register in order to vote. If you are not registered, go and register at once. Don't put it off.*

Terrible storms and heavy rains North and West on the 26th. Heavy rains in Alabama.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Hon. A. K. McCLURE.

Col. McClure, a well known Liberal Republican of Pennsylvania, addressed a large audience in the Public Square, in this place on Friday last. Col. Masten introduced the distinguished speaker.

Col. McClure opened by reviewing the promises given by the Republican party four years ago, when the cry of "Let us have Peace," reached every nook and corner of the land. A promise of general amnesty was given, and from all appearances, we were to have a political milenium during the administration of Gen. Grant. Instead of fulfilling these glorious promises, we see the Southern States overawed by bayonets, and hordes of carpet-baggers, draining the State Treasuries, and otherwise aggravating their condition. The sacred writ of *habeas corpus* was suspended, and a speedy trial by jury refused to those arrested. Was it a wonder then, that, instead of peace, we had a species of aggravating petty warfare in feeling, if not in fact? Was it a wonder then, said the speaker, that a State, like North Carolina, who was the first to declare her independence of Great Britain, became restive, and made a great movement towards reform in 1870, which he hoped to see perfected in 1872.

Col. McClure next reviewed the financial condition of the State, and remarked that during the administration of Holden, he had been called to Raleigh, and there warned Holden against these cormorants and advised him to shake off the incubus. But, unfortunately, the Governor was joined to his idols and he had to let him alone.

What followed, was part of the history of the State, and well known to all.

He touched off Tod R. Caldwell politically in a very becoming manner, flaying his political carcass so delicately and yet so completely, that it was really a great treat to all present.

In speaking of National affairs, he said the people of the North were willing to clasp hands, notwithstanding the assertion of Mr. Boutwell, that it was wrong. He for one, was ready to bury the past, and with him was the whole Liberal party of the North and North-West. Everything looked bright in the political horizon, and he felt confident of victory in November next.

In alluding to the influence of the election in this State, he remarked that the effect of a Conservative triumph would encourage the whole nation, and the October elections in Pennsylvania and other States, would tell a tale that would send a thrill of joy to all true citizens of the whole country.

We have not attempted to give a sketch of the speech, as it would be impossible to do justice to the brilliant effort of the Honorable speaker.

The effect of the speech was good, and a number of those present *clasped hands* with the able representative of the Liberal Republicans of Pennsylvania.

The excellent Music on this occasion was furnished by the Young 'Cornet Band" of this place and agreeably surprised every one present. The airs were selected from the most popular composers, and the performance would have been creditable to older heads. We wish them continued success. Salem certainly has musical resources without end.

THE RAILROAD TAX.—The Supreme Court has decided the Forsyth County Railroad case in favor of the Railroad and against the people. The people of this county are not satisfied, with the lights before them, as to the record of the Commissioner's Court; by some means they could not succeed in "going behind the record." Next Thursday an opportunity will be afforded to elect a new set of Commissioners, who may, perhaps, look into Railroad and other County matters of vital importance to the people. A change in County officers, from the highest to the lowest, is considered wholesome, sometimes.

The opinion of Judge Reid will be published in full next week.

GREELEY AND BROWN CLUB.—A Greeley and Brown Club was formed at the Court-House, on Tuesday, the 23d inst., and temporarily organized, with T. T. Best in the Chair, and R. T. Gray acting as Secretary. A number of names were enrolled, a Committee on organization, and one to draft Rules and Regulations for the government of the Club were appointed, and the meeting adjourned until Friday, the 26th inst.

On Friday evening the Greeley and Brown Club met and permanently organized.

The meeting was then addressed by C. B. Watson, Esq., giving a very encouraging report of the political prospects in the county.

Chas. Tengue, Esq., followed, also giving a cheerful account of the progress of the County canvass.

Col. Masten urged prompt and continued work, particularly on election day, and proposed to meet again on Tuesday evening, 30th inst.

T. J. Wilson, Esq., also addressed the Club in an encouraging manner, and urged a full attendance on Tuesday night.

FATALLY INJURED.—Mr. Andrew Gimble, of this county, died on the 19th inst., from injuries received in attempting to leap over a ditch, aged about 70 years.

The Baker, Minnesota, Radical speaking at the court-house, on Saturday, was a small affair. The speaker advocated a bad cause ably, but there were comparatively few to appreciate his effort. The court-room was not full, by any means.

The Salisbury *Watchman* records the sudden death of Mr. J. H. Thompson, of Tyro, Davidson county.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

DANVILLE, VA., July 27.—On the arrival of the train from Richmond to-night, the engineer reported that his engine ran over something supposed to be a man, about one mile north of here. A party at once went over, and found the body of a white man named William McDole terribly mangled, his shoulder, back, and neck being crushed. As he was seen about dark going home intoxicated, it is supposed he laid down across the track and either fell asleep or was unable to get away. The unfortunate man lives about two miles from Danville, and leaves a wife and four little children.—*Rich. Dispatch.*

At the last term of the Federal Court that met in Raleigh, says the *Sentinel*, there were fourteen hundred and odd indictments against the Ku Klux. Of these only six were tried. Fourteen hundred were continued, and for what? The answer is patent to all—that they might have the indictments held over them as a threat that if they voted against Caldwell and his party they should be prosecuted and punished. It is vote for Caldwell or go to the penitentiary.

A party of ladies and gentlemen visiting Moore's Nob last Tuesday, killed two large rattlesnakes, one having nine rattles and a button, the other seven rattles and a button. Watch out carefully for snakes when you visit the mountains. If one bites you you are gone.—*Danbury Reporter.*

MATAMORAS, July 27.—The banished revolutionists are returning to Mexico.

Telegraph communication to the city of Mexico will be open in a few days. Rocha and the revolutionary chiefs are to hold a conference on the 28th at Monterey. The revolution is virtually ended.

The following new money-order post-offices have been authorized in North Carolina: Milton, Hickory Tavern, Shelby, Thomasville, Company Shops and Battleboro.

DEATH OF HON. A. H. ARRINGTON.—Archibald Hunter Arrington breathed his last at his residence, near Hilliardston, Nash county, on Saturday, the 20th inst.

Tom. Lowroy, another of the Robeson county outlaws, has been shot dead by a Mr. Wishart, whose brother was killed by the outlaw, recently.

FRAUDS.—We learn that over four hundred negroes have registered in Halifax who do not belong to the county. Watch the polls. If we are beaten it will be by wholesale fraudulent voting.

A boy and a girl were carried over Niagara falls, in a boat on the 26th. An old fisherman and his friend, were carried over the falls on the same day.

DIED,

In this county, on the 26th inst., Mrs. MARY HAUSER, aged 79 years, 3 months and 5 days.

Registrars and Judges.

The Board of County Commissioners appointed the following Magistrates as Registrars, and other persons as Inspectors or Judges of Elections to be held on the 1st Thursday in August, 1872:

Belew's Creek Township, Moses L. Whicker, Esq., Registrar; C. W. L. Neal, J. F. Vance, Smith Linvillle, and Thomas Sullivan, Judges of election.

Salem Chapel Township, Thos. M. Marshall, Esq., Registrar; Nathaniel D. Sullivan, Henry Marshall, Jesse Grubbs, and Reuben Crews, Judges of the election.

Bethania Township, Wm. E. Lehman, Esq., Registrar; Elias Shaub, Tandy Marshall, Fountain Flynt and John Lawrence, Judges of the election.

Old Richmond Township, Tobias Stauber, Esq., Registrar; Thos. Long, J. G. Newsom, Benjamin Sprinkle and James Reed, Judges of the election.

Kernersville Township, A. H. S. Beard, Registrar; Philip Kerner, Isaac Morris, William Griffith and John Watson, Judges of election.

Middle Fork Township, W. A. Lowry, Esq., Registrar; John Beeson, John H. White, Jr., Robert Gourley and Sandford Byerly, Judges of the election.

Old Town Township, P. L. Billiter, Esq., Registrar; S. N. McGee, James C. Crews, C. H. Hauser and John Styers, Judges of the election.

Vienna Township, Edwin P. Pfaff, Esq., Registrar; Solomon Tise, Elijah Doub, H. R. Lehman and Carlos Ziglar, Judges of the election.

Abbott's Creek Township, John H. Chamelin, Esq., Registrar; Wm. Gibbins, Eli Weavil, Wesley Raper and James Williamson, Judges of election.

Broadbay Township, F. A. Tucker, Esq., Registrar; C. T. Pope, Emanuel Reed, Alexander J. Snider and Y. B. Cassel, Judges of election.

South Fork Township, Alex. J. Nifong, Esq., Registrar; Thomas Spach, Arch. Sink, Daniel Reich and Wm. Ebert, Judges of election.

Lewisville Township, L. C. Laugenour, Esq. Registrar; Cost. Harper, Henry Hart, J. G Blackburn and J. I. Warner, Judges of the election.

Winston Township, T. T. Best, Esq., Registrar; J. N. Blum, Jacob Tise, Henry A. Holder and E. Belo, Judges of election.

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A magnificent PAIR OF CHROMOS, "THE DEPARTURE" and "RETURN" of THE LIFEBOAT, size 31½ by 17½, from the Oil Paintings of Thos. Brooks, London, drawn under the immediate superintendence of, and printed in colors by Messrs. Armstrong & Co., of Boston, are the largest, most interesting subjects, and the best work of any Premium Chromos. They are worth, at the lowest estimate, TWENTY DOLLARS. The same subjects on steel, printed in black only, are selling rapidly at Fifteen Dollars. Send $3 and secure a pair of these matchless CHROMOS. Sample copies of paper and rates to agents free.
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HAND BOOK
FOR
COUNTY OFFICRS
CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

Building and Alphabet
BLOCKS
FOR CHILDREN,
at the BOOKSTORE

THE MARKETS.

SALEM, July 25.

Provisions.		Chop,	2
Bacon,	10@ 00	Bran,	1
Lard,	12@15	*Grain.*	
Pork,	8@10	Wheat,	1 30@1 50
Beef,	5@10	Corn,	80 @ 0 00
Veal,	6@ 8	" (old)	00@0 00
Mutton,	6@ 8	Rye,	80@0 00
Butter,	15@20	Oats,	40@ 00
Flour,	4 @00	Peas,	80@ 00

DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

DANVILLE, July 29.

Lugs—Common, Red,	$6 00	to $6 50
" Good working,	7 00	to 7 50
" Com'n, Bright	10 00	to 12 00
" Fine, "	12 00	to 15 00
" Extra Smokers,	20 00	to 30 00
Extra lots higher.		
Leaf—Common Red,	8 00	to 9 00
" Good,	9 00	to 11 00
" Good, rich, waxy,	11 00	to 15 00
" Common Bright,	20 00	to 30 00
" Good, "	25 00	to 40 00
" Fine, "	50 00	to 75 00
" Extra fine lots,	75 00	to 100 00

New York, July 29.—Cotton, 24 a 24½; Flour, 0 00 to 8 75; Corn, 58 a 60; Wheat, 1 70 a 1 75; Gold, 114 a 114½; Bonds, N. C. old, 32½ a 00, new 20 a 00.

Baltimore, July 29.—Cotton 00 a 00; Flour 0 00 a 0 00; Wheat, $1 70 a $1 75; Corn white, 80 a 82, yellow, 61 a 62; Oats, 39 a 42 Bacon, 4½ a 8; Whisky, 92 a 92½; Lard 9 a 9½

Richmond, July 29.—Wheat, $1 65 a 1 68 Corn 00 a 80; Oats 60 a 00; Flour, superfine 9 00 a 9 25.

Charlotte, July 20.—Bacon 10½ a 112 Flour, 4 00 a 4 25; Corn, 0 80 a 0 85; Oats, 50 a 55 Wheat, $1 10 a $1 25; Whisky, $0 00 a 0 00

Fayetteville, July 18.—Bacon 8 a 9 Flour, $7 50 a $8 25; Corn $0 90 a $0 00; Oats, 50 a 60; Rye, $1 25; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 12 a 13 Whisky, $2 25; Brandy, $2 50.

Petersburg, July 23.—Flour, 5 00 a 6 00 Wheat, red $1 55 a $0 00, white, $1 65 a $ 00; Corn, 90 a 00; Bacon, hog round 9¾ a 10 sWhiky, $0 00 Brandy $2 40 a $3 00.

Norfolk, July 23.—Bacon, sides, 7½ a 9; Corn 75 a 00. Flour 6¼ a 8¼.

A DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE.

Comprising Antiquities, Biography, Geography and Natural History, with numerous Illustrations and Maps. Edited by William Smith, L. L. D. Published by National Publishing Co., Cincinnati, O.

The great value of a complete and accurate Dictionary of the Bible, as an aid to the study of the inspired word, is well understood by all Bible readers. The Bible, though designed by its Divine author for the whole human race, and for all time, was of necessity first addressed to a particular people, of a certain age and country, and its language was of course greatly influenced by these circumstances of time and place. It necessarily abounds in local allusions, and historical and geographical references, which the laps of centuries has rendered more or less obscure to the Bible reader of our day. For its companion volume, therefore, is needed a comprehensive and accurate Dictionary of all these historical and geographical references and allnsions to the customs of remote ages, a clear understanding of which is essential to the interest and profit of Bible reading.

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Reject all Violent Purgatives. They ruin the tone of the bowels and weaken the digestion. TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT is used by rational people as a means of relieving all derangements of the stomach, liver and intestines, because it removes obstructions without pain and imparts vigor to the organs which it purifies and regulates. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 30-4w.

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Collection of claims promptly attended to.
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THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWEER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle.—F C. Wells & Co., New York.

CARBOLIC SALVE unequaled as a Healing Compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known. Price 25 cts. per box. John F. Henry, sole proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency, the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the Hair, uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache, or constipation of bowels, as is the case with other preparations of opium.—John Farr, Chemist, New York.

July 4,—274w.

SALEM
MALE ACADEMY.
The Fall Term of Salem Male Academy will open Monday August 15th.
All who desire to attend, will please address, at their earliest convenience,
Rev. R. P. Lineback, *Principal.*
Salem, N. C. July 18, 1872.

FURNITURE!
Cabinet Furniture and Chairs.
A. C. VOGLER & CO.,
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HAVE made arrangements to keep on hand a variety of NORTHERN FURNITURE. Have also constantly on hand home-made work, and make to order all kinds of FURNITURE, such as BUREAUS, TABLES, BEDSTEADS, LOUNGES, MATTRESSES, &c., &c., which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.
He also invites the attention of the public to his assortment of CHAIRS, among which are Cane Seats of every description; Cane and Stool-seat Rockers; Office Chairs; Children's Chairs. Also the best article of Home-made Split Bottoms—all cheap for Cash.
☞ Arrangements have been made to furnish to order any quality and style of Northern Furniture, at short notice.
Catalogues and Price List can be examined by calling at our establishment.
A. C. VOGLER & CO.
Salem, N. C., July 10, 1872. 27-tf.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salem, N. C. July 1st, 1872.

LADIES' LIST.

Mrs. Mary Weer.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Wm. M. Cundiff, W. H. Cox, Wm. H. Cox, F. M. Davidson, J. F. Gibson, P. H. Henly, T. C. Hudson, Wm. Hasten, H. H. Holder, John Mitchel, Alexander Moore, J. S. Stafford, Levi Shoaf, David White.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

CORSETS.

Thompson's Glove Fitting 'G's
" Glove Fitting Ventillating
(The best in the market.)
Fanning's, Demi, and Bray's Improved Kid Fitting Skeletons, and a number of other styles.
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FANS. Sandal Wood, Silk Linen, Chinese, and Large and Small Palm Leaf FANS at reduced prices. The Assortment s very attractive at the *Notion and Variety Store.*

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Shakspeare	50 cents.
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Milton	25 "
Cowper	25 "
Wordsworth	25 "
Moore	25 "

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Webster's Unabridged, National, University and Schoo
Bullion's English Latin and Latin English, Dictionarie at BLUM'S BOOK STORE.

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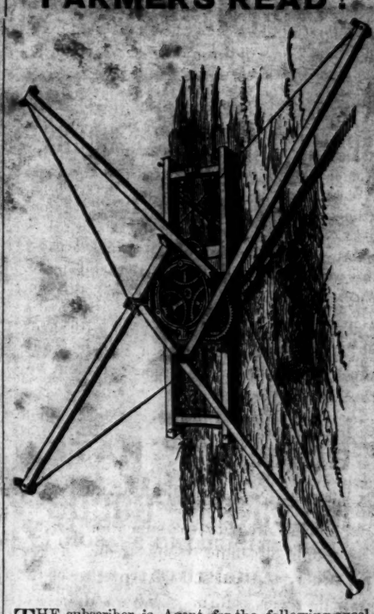
POST OFFICE BUILDING, SALEM, N. C.
FARMERS READ!

THE subscriber is Agent for the following excellent Agricultural Implements:
PELTON'S TRIPPLE GEAR, IRON HORSE POWER AND CLEANER, the best now in use.—Just what the farmer wants.
THE COMBINED THRESHER, COUNTER-BALANCE SEPERATOR AND CLEANER, with self oiler and self regulating blast. It is the cheapest, most durable and efficient implement of its class in the market.
The latest improved MOWERS and REAPERS, and considered the best in America. They have been tested, and will cut more grass, and do the work better than any other machine now in use.

THE PHIFER SKELETON WHEEL-GANG PLOW AND CULTIVATOR, for Corn, Cotton and Potatoes, or any Root crop planted in rows. As now manufactured, it is acknowledged to be unsurpassed by any implement of its class.
☞ Farmers will do well to inquire for these machines. They are manufactured by the Eureka Agricultural Works, Trenton, New Jersey.
A. V. D. LEIGH, *Agent,*
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P. O. Address, Salem, N. C.
June 13th, 1872.-24-3m.

GOODS
AT
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to which they invite the attention of the public generally.
The Goods have been selected with great care and are offered at bargains to all who may favor them with a call.
Their stock consists of a fine assortment of
CALICOES,
Japanese Dress Goods,
Figured and Plain DeLaines,
BLEACHED & UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS, PACONET, and CROSS BARRED MUSLINS,
A Fine assortment of GINGHAMS, &c.
MEN'S WEAR,
consisting of Linen and Checked Goods.
RDADY-MADE LINEN COATS AND PANTS.
NOTIONS.
almost everything that can be inquired for in this class of goods.
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A splendid assortment of Ladies' fine Shoes, consisting of Laced Gaiters, Morocco, Goat and French Calf Skin. Also Misses and Children's Shoes, together with a good lot of Shoes for Men's wear.
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of the latest styles and in great variety.
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warranted pure.
WINDOW GLASS, cut to any size desired.
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a speciality,—consisting of Knobblocks, Padlocks, Hinges, Axes, Saws, Chissels, Screws, Planes, Bits, &c.
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Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, Rice, &c., &c.
We keep constantly on hand Plows, Plow Points, Land Sides, and a variety of other agricultural implements.
A large stock of Iron, consisting of Skelp Iron, Shovel Moulds, &c., &c.
The subscribers feel grateful to their friends throughout the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage they have received, and trust that by strict attention to business and by keeping only the best articles in every line, they will merit a continuance of the public favor.
R. A. WOMMACK & CO.
June, 1872.

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MOWER AND REAPER.

Manufactured by the Belvidere Manufacturing Co., Belvidere, N. J. Has the gearing, (*or cog-wheels*) all in the centre of frame, completely enclosed in an iron case so as to *exclude all grit, dirt, &c.* It contains many new and valuable features, which do not exist in others. Works well on smooth or stony land, and is not liable to get out of order. Persons wishing to buy Mowing Machines this summer, would do well to examine **The Advance** before purchasing elsewhere.
A liberal commission to Agents. Send for Illustrated pamphlets containing full particulars to
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General Agent for North Carolina, Friedberg, Forsyth county, N. C. 14-tf.

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(TWENTIETH YEAR.)

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L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

March 7, 1872.

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MEBANEVILLE, N. C.
The FALL SESSION of 1872 opens August 2nd. The course of instruction is classical, (including Modern Languages,) Mathematical, and Commercial. The organization is Military.
For circulars, address,
COL. WM. BINGHAM,
June 13, 1872.-24 1m. Mebaneville, N. C.

GLOVES.
Ladies' and Gent's Kid, Silk, and Cotton GLOVES, to which we invite special attention
Go to the NOTION AND VARIETY STORE

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MERCHANT'S HOTEL,
WINSTON, N. C
THIS HOTEL is situated in one of the most favorable localities in this section.
Guests can reach Salem in a few minutes walk.
☞ An excellent Table with well Ventilated Rooms.
April 18, 1872.-16-6m.

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is the time to order a
THRESHING MACHINE
OR A
REAPER & MOWER
FOR THE COMING SEASON.
I am AGENT for the sale of the
SWEEP-STAKE'S
THRESHING MACHINE,
mounted on wheels or without, **Railway and Lever Horse Powers, Buck Eye Reaper and Mowers,** combined or separate. All sorts of PLOUGHS, HARROWS, DRILLS, ROLLERS, CIDER-MILLS, CORN, COB AND BARK MILLS, FODDER AND HAY CUTTING BOXES, FARMERS CAULDRONS, and many other AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. Also
Anchor Bolting Cloths.
E. A. VOGLER.
Salem, N. C., April 25. 17-3m.

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A FULL LINE of Ladies' Lace and Linen Collars and Cuffs, Dress Trimmings, Sewing Silks, Skirt Braid, Butrons, Handkerchiefs, Napkins, Towels, Lace Tidies, Slipper Patterns, Shell and Jet Jewelry, Ldies' Underwear, Bustles, Switches and Plaits, Counterpanes, Soaps and Perfumery, in endless variety at the
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17-tf. near Salem Female Academy.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

THE undersigned having qualified as Executors of the last Will and Testament of Dr. A. T. Zevely, dec'd., all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased are hereby notified to make prompt payment, as longer indulgence will not be given. And all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, properly authenticated on or before the 6th day of June, 1873, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

T. R. PURNELL, } Executors.
L. V. BLUM, }
Salem N. C., June 6th, 1872. 23-3m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

HAVING qualified as Executor of the last Will and Testament of M. M. Transou, dec'd., all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased, are hereby notified to make payment without delay, as longer indulgence cannot be given. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them properly authenticated, on or before the 6th day of June, 1873, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

E. T. BLUM, *Executor.*
Salem, N. C., June 4, 1872. 23-3m.

PRESERVING JARS CHEAP
at ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

CHARTS FOR THE PEOPLE,
at the BOOK STORE

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

HAVING duly qualified as Executor of the last Will of Miss Lucinda Bagge, deceased, all persons having claims against her estate, are notified to present them to me for payment on or before the 12th day of June, 1873, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. And all persons indebted to her estate, are urgently requested to make payment.

THOS. J. WILSON,
Winston, N. C., June 12th, 1872. *Executor.*
25-6w.

Miss Alcott's Works.
LITTLE WOMEN,
LITTLE MEN,
OLD FASHIONED GIRL,
HOSPITAL SKETCHES,
at the BOOK STORE.

Wood's Object Lessons
IN BOTANY.

SILKS CAPES AND BOWS of the latest Styles, just received at the
NOTION AND VARIETY STORE,
17-tf. Near Salem Female Academy.

Poetry.

LOVE LAND.

There's a far off mystic country
  Sunned by Hope's eternal gleam,
In whose fair and pleasant valleys
  I have wandered in a dream.
Where the brooklets run to music
  'Twixt their emerald banks along,
Where the forest waves in anthems,
  Swayed by breezes winged with song.

There the whole great heart of nature
  Throbs with melody for aye,
And the flowers that bud and blossom,
  Never wither, fade and die.
But for me the clime is distant,
  Distant far as morning's beam,
Though in its fair and pleasant valleys
  I have lingered in a dream.

And a pure and radiant being
  Leads me gently by the hand,
When through slumber's dusky portals
  Joyfully I seek that land.
And beside me in her beauty,
  Lingers like the shimmering beam
Of some star that shines in heaven,
  Till I waken from my dream.

That mysterious, far off country
  In the glorious land of Love,
Where love is love forever,
  And all other things above—
And my heart yearns toward that being
  As I breast life's rapid stream,
Ever distant from me, waking,
  Ever near me in my dream.

Sale of a Wife in England.

The Pall Mall Gazette recently reported the fact that a man at Exeter had sold his wife for £50. At the Exeter Police Court on the 25th ult., the wife, a smartly dressed woman applied for a summons against her husband for refusing to maintain his children, he having that morning turned them out of doors. She had also been threatened by him, and she was afraid he would do her some harm. After some further conversation it came out that the complainant and her husband separated some time since, he selling her to another man for £50, and agreeing to take two of the children, and she the rest. Since, however, he had sold her, he had followed her about and abused her, and annoyed her in different ways, and now he had turned the children he had promised to support out of doors, and told her to keep the lot. In answer to the bench as to how she supported herself, she said she received money from the man to whom she was sold. The bench said that they could not help her; she must apply to the corporation of the poor for relief; they would summon her husband. She had brought this upon herself. She had consented to be sold, and therefore could not expect to have any peace. They thought it was a disgraceful case and that she did not deserve any protection. If her husband threatened her violently or assaulted her, then they would grant her a summons.

Humorous.

At a recent school exhibition which came off a short time since, one of the little boys who had a grudge against his pedagogue on account of a recent flogging, is said to have delivered this pointed oration:

"Oh Lord of Love,
  Look from above,
On us poor little scholars;
  We've had a fool
To teach our school,
  And paid him fifty dollars."

'Ma'am, can you give me a glass of grog?' said a traveller in Arkansas as he entered a cabin on the road side. 'I ain't got a drop, stranger.' 'But a gentleman told me just now that you had received a barrel.' 'Why, good gracious! What do you reckon one barrel of whisky is to me and my children when we are out of milk?'

A reporter in describing a bride, got his commas rather mixed, so that his account read thus: She stood before the altar on her head, a fair wreath of orange blossoms upon her dainty feet, lovely white satin shoes upon her sweet lips, a confiding happy smile as she gazed lovingly upon him who stood by her side.

At a social party, where humorous definitions was one of the games of the evening, the question was put: 'What is religion?' 'Religion,' replied one of the party, more famous as a man of business than a wit, 'is an insurance against fire in the next world, for which honesty is the best policy."

'Who is he?' said a passer-by to a policeman who was endeavoring to raise an intoxicated individual who had fallen into the gutter. 'Can't say, sir,' replied the policeman; 'he can't give an account of himself.' 'Of course not,' said the other; 'how can you expect an account of a man who has lost his ballance?'

Polite Falsehood.—"You are beautiful, and I adore you,' said a gentleman to the belle of the evening.

'For my part I hate you, and I think you frightful" she retorted.

'I believe you, you frank girl. You do not tell polite falsehoods, like me.'

"What's the matter, Mary? Are you happy because neither of those fellows you were flirting with at croquet yesterday proposed to you?" Mary—"Both did, Tom! And—I said yes to the wrong one!"

Mrs. Partington, in illustration of the proverb, 'A soft answer turneth away wrath,' says, 'It is better to speak panegorically of a person than to be all the time flinging epitaphs at him.'

An ingenious schoolma'm in Iowa punished a boy for kissing the big girls by making him show how it was done before the whole. It didn't work well, however, for the idea became altogether too popular at once.

Schoolmistress.—Johnny, I am ashamed of you. When I was your age I could write as well as I do now. Johnny.—Ah! but you'd a different teacher to what we've got.

A California man requested his wife in a ball-room to hold the baby of another man's wife while he danced with the baby's mother, but she didn't hold it. Some wives are too disobedient to put up with.

"Setting a man-trap" is the title given to a picture of a pretty young lady arranging her curls at a mirror.

Miss Alcott's Works.
LITTLE WOMEN,
LITTLE MEN,
OLD FASHIONED GIRL,
HOSPITAL SKETCHES,
at the BOOK STORE.

Wood's Object Lessons
IN BOTANY.

PFOHL & STOCKTON,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
Notions, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, Drugs, Queensware, Hardware, &c., &c., &c.,
SALEM AND WINSTON, N. C.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Fruits and General Country Produce.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING one of the largest stocks of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
ever brought to this market.

We buy our goods for cash and defy competition. Persons visiting this market are invited to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere—feeling satisfied that we can please both in quality and price. An examination is all we ask to satisfy any one.

Persons coming from a distance will find a large and convenient Wagon Yard, with sheds and stables at our stores both in Salem and Winston, with accommodations for men, women and children.

April 18, 1872.–16-6m.

BONNETS, HATS
AND
MILLINERY GOODS
FOR THE SPRING SEASON.

MRS. J. G. DOUTHIT hereby announces to her friends and customers, and the public generally, that she has just received a new supply of Goods for the Spring trade, among which are
FRENCH PATTERN BONNETS,
NEW STYLE SPRING HATS AND BONNETS,
SASHES AND RIBBONS,
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS,
LACES AND EDGINGS,
LINEN AND LACE COLLARS,
GLOVES AND HANDKERCHIEF
HOSIERY AND CORSETS,
and a variety of other articles in her line of business, which she intends shall be sold by being offered at such prices as cannot fail to please. Call, examine and judge for yourselves.
☞ At the Stand one door above V. T. Vogler's Jewelry Store. ☜
Salem, N. C. March 28, 1872.–13tf.

An Ounce of Prevention is Better than a Pound of Cure
Horse and Cattle Powders.
A SURE PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE.
AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
Lettering and Sign Painting
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED by JOHN A. VOGLER.
Salem, N. C., Aug. 4, 1871.

Musical Instruments
AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE
VIOLINS, GUITARS,
BANJOS, TAMBORINES,
FLUTES, FIFES,
ACCORDIONS.
VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS.
Extra Violin
BOWS and HAIR
For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of
Perfumery, Soaps & Fancy Articles

Dick's English Classics.
The Cheapest Books ever Published.

Shakspeare	50 cents.
Byron	50 "
Scott	25 "
Goldsmith	50 "
Burns	25 "
Milton	25 "
Cowper	25 "
Wordsworth	25 "
Moore	25 "

At the BOOK STORE.

HAND BOOK
FOR
COUNTY OFFICRS
CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

Building and Alphabet BLOCKS FOR CHILDREN,
at the - - BOOKSTORE

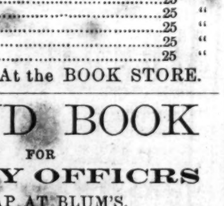
BASKETS
just opened, embracing a variety of Reticule, Lunch Sewing, School, Fancy and Toy. Call and examine
Dec. 1. L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

DICTIONARIES Webster's Unabridged, National, University and School Bullion's English Latin and Latin English. Dictionaries at BLUM'S BOOK STORE.

W. B. GLENN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
YADKINVILLE, N. C.,
Will practice in the counties of Yadkin, Stokes, Surry and those adjoining.
Prompt attention given to the collection of claims
3-1y.

R. T. CRAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WINSTON, N. C.,
WILL practice in the Courts of Forsyth, and adjoining counties.
☞ Collection of claims promptly attended to.
Jan. 11, 1872. 2-tf.

THOS. R. PURNELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
A LEM, N. C.,
WILL practice in the Courts of Forsyth, Yadkin, Surry, Stokes, Davie and Davidson Counties.
Prompt attention given to the collection and settlement of claims in all parts of the State.
June 16, 1871.–24-tf.

ESTABLISHED 1827!
THE OLD FRANKLIN PRESS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
BOOK & JOB PRINTING
NEATYL EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

SEWING MACHINES.
A BEAUTIFUL AND PERFECT BUTTON-HOLE.
WONDERFUL!
HAVE YOU SEEN IT?

THE CELEBRATED AMERICAN
BUTTON-HOLE OVER-SEAMING
AND COMPLETE FAMILY
SEWING MACHINE.
A MARVEL OF COMPLETENESS.
Besides doing all OTHER KINDS OF FAMILY SEWING it makes a beautiful and perfect Button-hole of any size on all fabrics, from the FINEST SWISS to the HEAVIEST BEAVER CLOTH much stronger, neater and more beautiful than by hand.—
Call and examine this
Complete Sewing Machine.
The Company also manufacture and sell the Plain American, (without the Button-hole parts) A beautiful light running Machine, doing all the work except overseaming and making button-holes.
Examine these Remarkable Machines
AT
J. E. MICKEY'S,
SALEM, N. C.

AGENTS wanted in every County in the United States, to sell the *First and only Button-hole and Sewing Machine combined*, that has made its advent in this or any other country. Address AMERICAN BUTTON-HOLE and SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, 1318 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

To the Ladies!
Mrs. J. E. MICKEY,
Having just returned from the North, where she has laid in one of the
LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK
OF
Millinery Goods
AND
NOTIONS,
ever brought to this market.

Having given her personal supervision to the selection, she can assure her customers that she has the
LATEST STYLES
AND
FASHIONS,
and at figures that cannot be undersold.

DRY GOODS.
We are now receiving a large assortment of
Spring and Summer
Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

HATS AND SHOES.
We have on hand one of the very largest assortment of HATS and SHOES, of all sizes and qualities, to which we invite especial attention.

Ready-Made Clothing
A splendid line of READY-MADE CLOTHING on hand.

Hardware and Queensware.
Our stock of Hardware and Queensware embraces everything in that line, together with a large stock of IRON of all kinds.

Groceries, &c.
We keep constantly on hand a large supply of Groceries, Drugs, Oils, &c.

Tinware and Stoves.
TINWARE by Wholesale and Retail.
STOVES.—A full assortment of Stoves constantly on hand.

Guttering and Tin Roofing.
Guttering, Roofing, Repairing, and all kinds of work in Tin and Sheet Iron done by us.

We keep at all times FLOUR and MEAL of our own make, on hand.

We pay CASH for WHEAT, and exchange Goods for all kinds of Produce.
J. E. MICKEY.
Salem, N. C.

WAGONS.
Two-Horse Wagons always on hand.
April 25th, 1872. 17-tf.

NATIONAL SERIES.
National Primers,
Spellers and Readers.
Dickens and Bulwers Novels,
cheap editions at the **BOOK STORE.**

1872. SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT! 1872.
PATTERSON & CO.,
ARE JUST NOW RECEIVING AN ELEGANT STOCK OF GOODS
COMPRISING A WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF
Dry Goods, Notions, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries
Drugs, Oils, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Hardware, Wooden Ware,
Iron, Steel, Nails. All the latest novelties in
DRESS GOODS, Gent's and Ladies' *SHOES*, and *FANCY GOODS*
FRESH GOODS RECEIVED EVERY WEEK!
Orders prompty attended to, and articles selected with care.
NO TROUBLE SPARED TO PLEASE CUSTOMERS.
Nearly all classes of Goods are higher than usual, but to benefit our present custom, and to extend the area of our trade, we have put our marks **at extremely short profits.**
Country Merchants will find it to their interest to examine our stock for wholesale purchases, especially in the LINES OF
Syrups, Sugars, Coffees, Bacon, Sheetings and *FRIES' GOODS.*
All persons are particularly requested to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
PATTERSON & CO.
Salem, N. C., April 15, 1872.

JUST RECEIVED
At Blickenderfer's
NOTION & VARIETY STORE,
Salem, N. C.,
A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF
SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES
OF
FANCY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS.
These goods have been carefully selected to suit this market, embracing many new articles. Thankful for past patronage, the public are respectfully invited to examine the stock before purchasing elsewhere. 17-tf

HOSIERY.
LADIES' GENT'S & CHILDREN'S HOSIERY.–A complete line of these goods always on hand at
17-tf] THE NOTION AND VARIETY STORE.

PARASOLS.
A BEAUTIFUL LOT OF PARASOLS AT THE NOTION AND VARIETY STORE.

SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES.
Howe's, Grover and Baker's, Wheeler & Wilson's, and Singer's Sewing Machine Needles, of all sizes always on hand at the
NOTION AND VARIETY STORE.
☞ Sent by mail if desired.

Mail Arrangements.
HIGH POINT MAIL.
Arrives daily by 8, A. M. Departs daily at 1, P. M.
MOUNT AIRY MAIL.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1½, P. M. Departs Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.
REIDSVILLE MAIL.
Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 3 P. M. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 A. M.
GREENSBORO MAIL.
Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. Departs every Friday, at 6 A. M.
JONESVILLE MAIL.
Arrives every Friday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.
JERUSALEM MAIL.
Arrives every Tuesday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Monday at 7, A. M.
WALNUT COVE MAIL.
Arrives every Saturday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Friday, at 4, P. M.
PANTHER CREEK MAIL.
Arrives every Saturday, by 8, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.
H. W. SHORE, P. M.

MORAVIAN MALE ACADEMY.
ON TUESDAY, APRIL 16th, 1872, a new School for boys and young men, the "MORAVIAN MALE ACADEMY," will open at Salem, N. C. This Moravian Church Institution is principally designed for the education of the sons of members of the Moravian Church, but the sons of other persons, not members, desirous of availing themselves of the advantages it offers, will be admitted. The institution will be conducted on the same principles which have obtained for the Moravian Schools the reputation they enjoy for thorough instruction and careful moral training. A gentleman of large experience in teaching, the Rev. R. P. LINEBACK, late of Friedberg, N. C., has been appointed Principal.
The year is divided into two sessions of 5 months each. Scholars will be received at any time, but none *under 8 years* of age can be admitted. Board in private families can be obtained on reasonable terms.
For terms and further particulars apply to the Principal, Rev. R. P. LINEBACK, Salem, N. C.
E. A. DESCHWEINITZ,
President, Provincial Elder's Conference of the Southern District of the Moravian Church.
Salem N. C., April 11, 1872.–15-3m.

Fancy Goods and Stationery
we have in great variety, such as
A NEW LOT OF
We would call the attention of our friends and customers to the following elegant presentation books:
HUDSON RIVER LEGENDS.
WORLD AT HOME.
PEARLS FROM BRITISH POETS
FOR-GET-ME-NOT,
KEEPSAKE OF FRIENDSHIP.
MEMORY'S GIFT.
RED LINE TENNYSON,
RED LINE LONGFELLOW,
ALBUMS, &c., &c., &c.
At the BOOK STORE.

The Poulterer's Friend'
WILL prevent and cure Chicken Cholera, and prevent Gapes in young Chickens, &c.
HOG POWDERS,
A preventive and cure for Hog Cholera, and profitable in fattening Hogs.
Horse and Cattle Powders
At Vogler's Supply Store.
Salem, Aug. 4, 1871.

SILKS CAPS AND BOWS of the latest styles, just received at the
NOTION AND VARIETY STORE.
17-tf] Near Salem Female Academy.

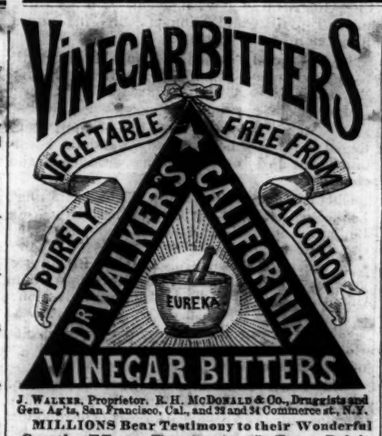
NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF DRESS GOODS!
NEW STYLES JUST RECEIVED!
SUCH AS
Cretonnnes, Percales,
Japanese Poplins in Plaids and Stripes,
Japanese Glase Poplins,
Chene Poplin, Silk Mixed Poplins,
Striped Grenadines,
Striped Mohairs
DOLLY VARDEN *Crepe de Voyage.*
Embroidered Tissues, &c.
White Alpaca, **French HERNANI,** silk & wool.
Pure Black Mohair, alike on both sides.
Llama Lace Points. at J. L. FULKERSON'S.

The Latest Recipe for Rosy Cheeks
IS to wear our thick soled Steel Shank WALKING SHOES, which are of very superior quality and nea style.
J. L. FULKERSON.

EVERY WEEK BRINGS SOMETHING NEW!
:o:
JUST RECEIVED a lot of **PATENT SPRING BED BOTTOMS,** suitable for any size bed, and at prices so cheap that any person can have an easy resting place.
Salem, N. C., January 25, 1872–4-tf. J. L. FULKERSON, Sole Agent for Forsyth County.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC PAINT.
THE FINEST IN THE MARKET, manufactured and branded expressly for, and warranted by
Salem, N. C., January 25, 1872.–4-tf. J. L. FULKERSON.

VARNISHES AND JAPAN.
No. 1 Furniture Varnish, (quick drying.) No. 1 Coach Varnish. No. 1 White Damar Varnish, for Zinc Paint, &c.
DRYING JAPAN,
dryer for Paints, &c., together with PAINTS IN OIL and DRY, at low prices, with
Salem, N. C., January 25, 1872.–4-tf. J. L. FULKERSON

VINEGAR BITTERS


J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. MCDONALD & Co., Druggists and Gen. Agt's, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce st., N.Y.
MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects. They are not a vile **Fancy Drink,** made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits** and **Refuse Liquors** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.
They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**
DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.
They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.
FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.
Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.
PIN, TAPE, and other **WORMS** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.
Old prejudices are dying out. New facts are killing them. The idea that invalids, weakened by disease, can be relieved by prostrating them with destructive drugs, is no longer entertained except by monomaniacs. Ever since the introduction of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, it has been obvious that their regulating and invigorating properties are all-sufficient for the cure of chronic indigestion, rheumatism, constipation, diarrhœa, nervous affections and malarious fevers, and they are now the standard remedy for these complaints in every section of the Union.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. MCDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce st., N.Y.

MORAVIAN MALE ACADEMY.
ON TUESDAY, APRIL 16th, 1872, a new School for boys and young men, the "MORAVIAN MALE ACADEMY," will open at Salem, N. C. This Moravian Church Institution is principally designed for the education of the sons of members of the Moravian Church, but the sons of other persons, not members, desirous of availing themselves of the advantages it offers, will be admitted. The institution will be conducted on the same principles which have obtained for the Moravian Schools the reputation they enjoy for thorough instruction and careful moral training. A gentleman of large experience in teaching, the Rev. R. P. LINEBACK, late of Friedberg, N. C., has been appointed Principal.
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For terms and further particulars apply to the Principal, Rev. R. P. LINEBACK, Salem, N. C.
E. A. DESCHWEINITZ,
President, Provincial Elder's Conference of the Southern District of the Moravian Church.
Salem N. C., April 11, 1872.–15-3m.

ZEVELY'S
DRUG STORE.
POST OFFICE BUILDING,
THOSE who wish to supply themselves with fresh and reliable
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
an always find them at the above establishment, at reasonable prices.
FANCY ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
NOTIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,
in fact everything in his line always on hand
Jan. 16, 1872 J. H. ZEVELY.

GOOD NEWS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
Warfield's Cold Water Soap
is good in *Soft, Hard, Salt or Warm Water.* Saves much labor and fuel.
BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC LAUNDRY SOAP is a valuable and desirable article. Clothes washed in it are protected against contagious.
For sale by J. L. FULKERSON

LOVERS OF TEA
WILL find the great THEA-NECTAR just what they want, or have their money refunded. Try it, it is cheap.
Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

If you wish a superior article of
EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP and
Fine MUSCOVADO MOLASSES,
Call on
J. L. FULKERSON.

THERE IS NO DANGER IN USING THE
Best Radiant Oil!
112 fire test. We keep only the best.
Feb. 3–5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

To Coffee Drinkers.
TRY OUR FINE CEYLON 8 O'CLOCK BREAKFAST COFFEE.
Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

Lamps! Lamps!!
THE FAMOUS GERMAN STUDENTS' LAMPS, together with other improved styles. Also FIXTURES, a good assortment, for sale by
J. L. FULKERSON.

JUST RECEIVED
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